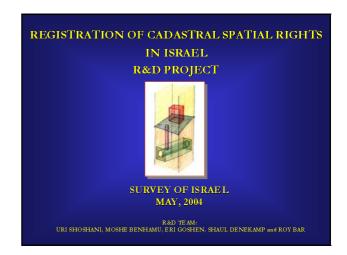
THE EXISTING LEGAL CADASTRE IN ISRAEL



- Introduced in 1928 by the British mandatory government in than Palestine.
- Based on Torrens principles (Registration of Title), dividing all land registration into continuous blocks and parcels.
- Two-Dimensional (2D) and deals with property located on the surface only.
- The property right in a land parcel, extends from the center of the earth – radially outwards into space, including all that is built or cultivated upon its surface.



3D CADASTRE R&D PROJECT - BACKGROUND



- Fast economic development, population growth from 6 millions people up to 13 millions by 2050, increasing building density while preserving the remaining open spaces.
- The existing cadastral system, due to being 2D, is unsuitable for the multilayer reality that has evolved allready in recent years.
- Cabinet Decisions from 1999:

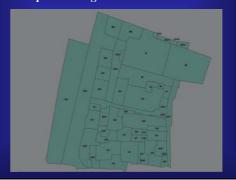
"... arrangement of conditions for exploitation of land parcel for several uses, above and below the surface, taking into account the status of the original owner of the land and the possibilities of a partial expropriation of its rights...",

"... providing geodetic, cadastre, planning, engineering and legal solutions ...".

THE EXISTING LEGAL CADASTRE IN ISRAEL



Example of a part of a registration block:



3D CADASTRE R&D PROJECT - THE PRINCIPAL OBJECTIVES

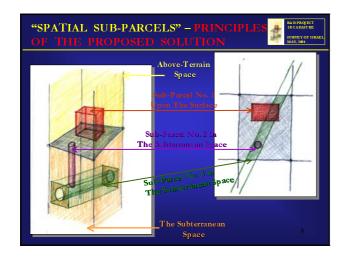


- A solution for the definition and registration of parcels in space.
- Formulation of proposals for changes in the existing Land Law, the Planning and the Construction Law and the Survey Ordinance, considering the applicable engineering and planning constraints.
- 3. Accumulation of the altimetric data to be added to the 2D cadastre thus creating the 3D database.
- 4. Formulation of a solution for the management of the legal coordinated cadastre information, in 2D and 3D GIS environment.
- 5. The examination and development of suitable software for the visualization of 3D cadastre.
- Formulation of a suitable modification of the Survey Regulations in order to facilitate registration of 3D cadastre.

3D CADASTRE R&D PROJECT -



- The Survey of Israel initiated and specified in September 2002 a R&D project for the coming two years.
- The R&D project is carried out by 5 experts coming from several disciplines: Cadastre, Geodesy, GIS, Law, Planning and Construction, Geology and Soil Engineering.
- Two governmental commissions monitor the work of the R&D team. The first, monitors the research work. The second, examines the legal changes recommended by the R&D team and will represent them to the cabinet.
- The Ministry of Finance approved a budget of app. 1 million USD's for the R&D project and for preparing pilot projects.



"SPATIAL SUB-PARCELS" - PRINCIPLES



- The spatial registration will be achieved by sub-dividing the surface space into spatial sub-parcels.
- The definition of the surface parcel will remain unchanged.
- The Title Rights to the surface parcel will be preserved to the existing definition of the surface parcels as extending infinitely above and below the surface.
- The spatial sub-parcel will be defined as a final volume object.
- Any project established in above or bellow the surface, will be bounded and defined stereometrically by a final 3D outline and its volume.

"SPATIAL SUB-PARCELS" - PRINCIPLE OF THE PROPOSED SOLUTION



- Allowing extension and adaptation of the existing registration system to the new spatial cadastral reality without infringement to the system itself. Necessary amendments will be made in the Land Law, Planning and Construction Law and the Survey Ordinance.
- The final registration of the subterranean sub-parcels will usually be made only after the project has been completed, measured "as-made" and registered accordingly. During the planning and construction stages only a warning note will be registered.

"SPATIAL SUB-PARCELS" - PRINCIPLE



- A spatial project, which extends above or bellow a number of surface parcels, will be thus subdivided into spatial subparcels, in accordance with the existing surface parcels.
- It will be possible to consolidate the spatial sub-parcels, within a registration block, into one spatial parcel.
- No infringement to the rights of property, except for proper purposes and limited to the minimal required extent.
- The stability of the existing structures built on the surface of the earth, will be achieved by setting off distances to them and to the spatial sub-parcel as well, imposed by engineering considerations.

"SPATIAL SUB-PARCELS" - PRINCIPLES OF THE PROPOSED SOLUTION





3D presentation of the spatial sub-parcels on the background of the existing land parcels.





Plane projection of the spatial parcel on the

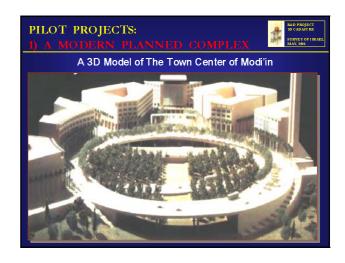


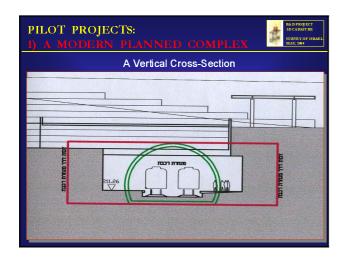
"SPATIAL SUB-PARCELS" - PRINCIPLE OF THE PROPOSED SOLUTION

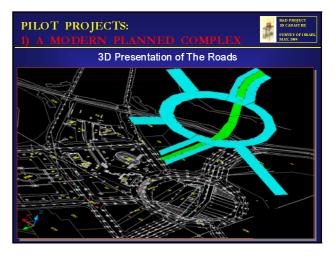


- The future cadastre will be incorporated into the national GIS system and will be managed by GIS means. This will result in a more efficient planning, exploitation and management of all three spaces of the land.
- All maps and plans will be based on a digital database, as vectors, GIS and digital maps. The spatial activities will be shown three-dimensionally (perspective and sections) in a plane projection on the computers monitor.

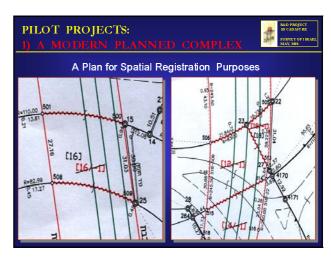
PILOT PROJECTS: 1) A MODERN PLANNED COMPLEX *** *** *** *** *** *** ***			
Levels			
Ownership	Description	Height	Layer
private company	underground railway station	210	-4
municipality of Modi'in	public garden	225 - 216	-3
private company	central bus station	221	-2
municipality of Modi'in	bridge to bus station	227	-1
government of Israel	public areas	232	0
government of Israel and municipality of Modi'in	commercial and public buildings	256	1-5

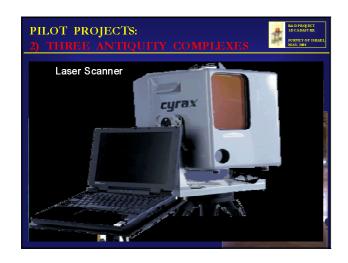


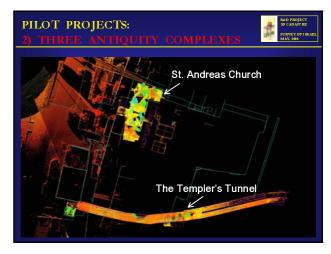


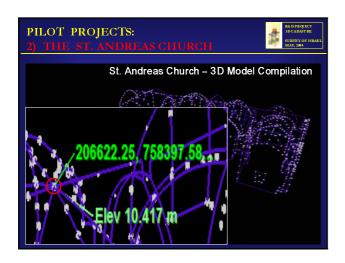


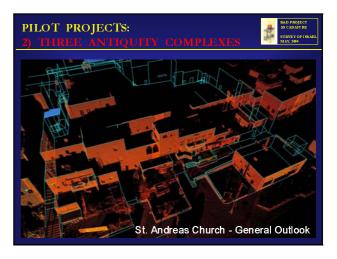


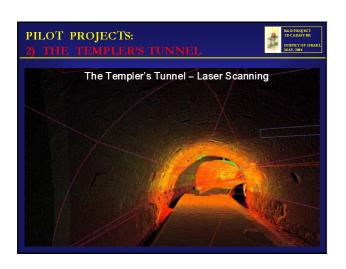


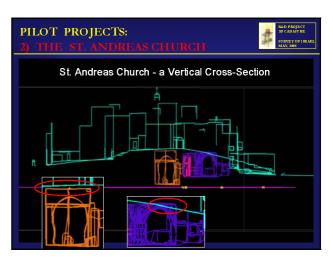


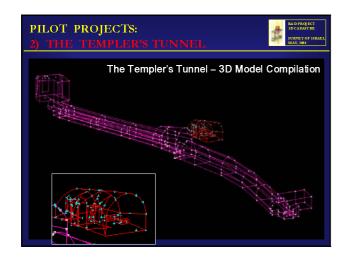


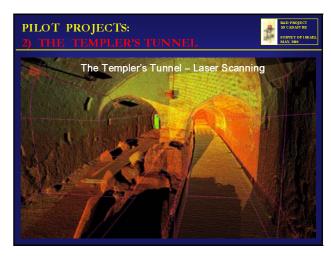


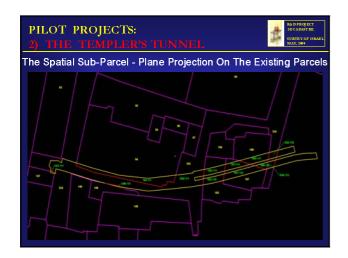


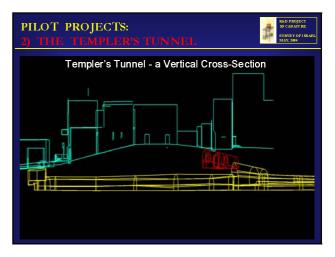


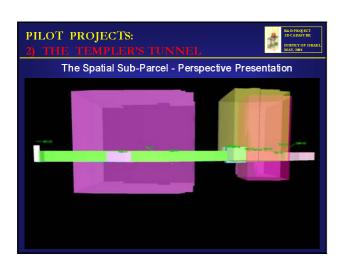


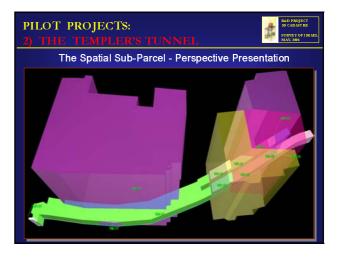


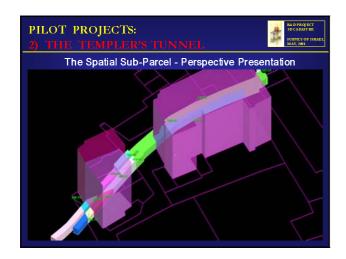


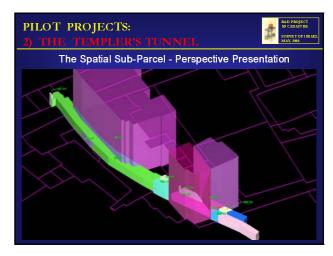






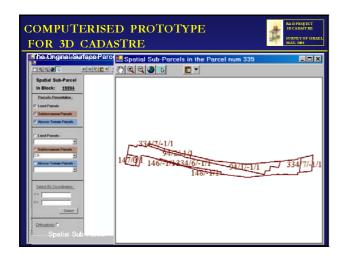


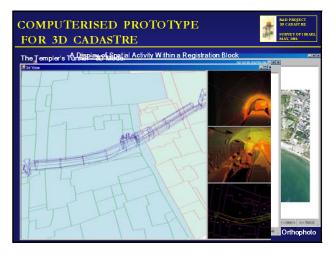


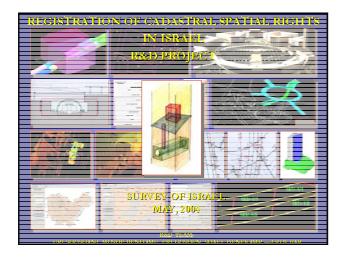


COMPUTERISED PROTOTYPE FOR 3D CADASTRE One of the tasks of the R&D project is the development of an active, computerized prototype of the Registration of Rights in space, in a GIS environment. The prototype of the GIS system is applied to the management of spatial cadastral database and will facilitate queries, visualization, production of reports and maps. The prototype will support testing and demonstration of the solution recommended by the R&D team.









SUMMARY



- A number of actions have been initiated in Israel in preparation for the 3D cadastre, including government decisions and finance of the R&D project.
- The R&D project is one of the first of its kind.
- The final results of the R&D project, due in August 2004, will
 hopefully lead to the realization of the 3D cadastre in Israel
 and will assist the authorities in the transition period.
- The R&D team has already formulated number of recommendations for the transition steps, some of them were described in the attached article.