

POSSIBILITIES AND CONSTRAINTS OF 3D LASER-SCANNING USE IN MOROCCAN CONTEXT

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3D Laser Scanning







- a series to be been seen as a series to be se
- □ Helpful for important projects: civil engineering, modeling of the historical and architectural heritage and in the industry.
- □ The acquisition of data is synonymic of whole surfaces scanning instead of the collection of individual points.
- High-density laser surveying allows a considerable gain of time and precision.
- ☐ The surveying of data is possible even for binding or difficult access sites.
- ☐ The density and the richness of points stemming from the survey allow diversified and precise processing.

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Possibilities in Morocco

- 1. Civil engineering works : highways, dams and bridges;
- Projects involving the historical and architectural heritage;
- Works requiring cubature calculation (quarries monitoring, stocks of materials, platforms arrangement);
- 4. Agriculture: classification of lands into high, medium, or low-yield zones according to height, slopes and sun exposure.
- 5. Forestry: biomass quantity calculation.



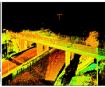






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Constraints

- Remote sensing and photogrammetry as well as surveying techniques are widely used and still profitable.
- 2. The cost of the equipment is high: Small and medium-sized enterprises are not capable to sustain these charges.
- 3. The investment can be profitable only if there a large demands of this technology. This is not true in Morocco.
- 4. With commercial software, it is possible to perform general analysis and calculations. For particular applications and for complex projects a specific development is needed.
- 5. Data processing requires a high qualified stuff that must be aware of possibilities and errors of the technology.

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Conclusion

- In Morocco, this technology is recommended in several fields but is not enough used even if it has a great potential in resolving many problems encountered when using traditional surveying methods.
- There is a growing market demand of this new technology. Its main advantage is the very high density and precision of the captured information obtained in a much reduced time.
- However, to meet the needs of some specific works, much more efforts is demanded to provide high-performance software and qualified stuff.

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